# E-DEMOCRACY IN THE NEW MEMBER STATES IN LINE WITH THE LISBON STRATEGY. ESTONIAN CASE

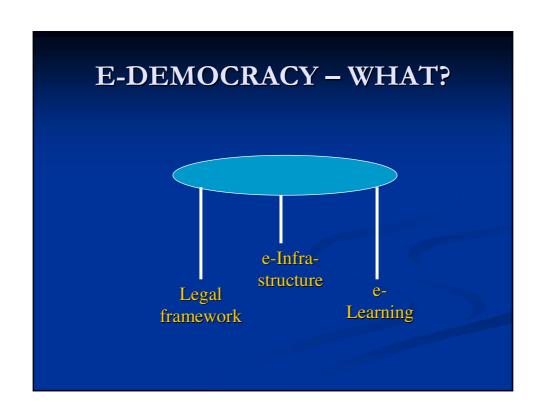
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## OUTLINE OF THE PRESENTATION

- Civil society and e-democracy what and why?
- Lisbon process
- Knowledge based society and economy
- e-Learning in Estonia
- e-Governance in Estonia
- e-Democracy in Estonia





#### CIVIL SOCIETY AND E-DEMOCRACY- WHY?

- Sustainable development
- Towards knowledge and innovation based economy and society
- Social cohesion
- Innovation capacity
- Crises of welfare state

#### BALANCED E-STATE

Combination of electronic services and services supporting participation of citizens

#### E-Administration

#### & E-Governance

Services for citizens
What services are offered
(usefulness)

How services are offered (efficiency)

#### E-Democracy

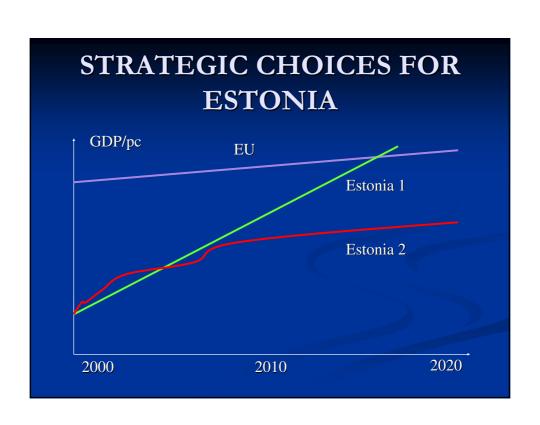
How transparent is the organization

#### (transparency)

How citizen can influence the system (participation)

#### **LISBON PROCESS**

- Major strategic goal for 2010 to become the most competitive and dynamic knowledge-based economy in the world, capable of sustainable economic growth with more and better jobs and greater social cohesion
- Radical transformation of the European economy
- Modernization of social welfare and education systems



# TOWARDS KNOWLEDGE & INNOVATION BASED DEVELOPMENT (1)

- Cheap and qualified labour as competitive advantage is not sustainable
- High degree of consensus about knowledge and innovation based development as the only reasonable alternative

# TOWARDS KNOWLEDGE & INNOVATION BASED DEVELOPMENT (2)

- Innovation culture!
- Technological and social innovation
- Government strategy and consorted action:
  - Sustainable Estonia 21
  - National agreement process
  - Mid-term strategies

#### **E-LEARNING IN ESTONIA**

- National programs:
  - Tiger Leap
  - e-School
  - e-University (Tiger University)
  - e-VET
- Other public and private initatives

#### TIGER LEAP

- National program for computerisation of Estonian schools (1996-2000), creating e-learning environment (2001-2005), developing e-learning into an integral part of school life
- In order to achieve the goal, Tiger Leap Foundation was created in 1997 (www.tiigrihype.ee)
- Main results (2005):
  - 20 pupils per computer on the average
  - 99% of the schools have online Internet connections
  - 100 e-learning courses have been developed in Estonian

#### LOOK INTO THE WORLD

- Initiative of two major banks and two major ICT companies
- Aim of the program (2000-2004) to offer initial training in computer and internet literacy for 100.000 people to overcome "digital divide"
- 104.000 have participated in the program
- Supplement to governmental programs Tiger
   Leap and Tiger Leap Plus

### E-GOVERNANCE IN ESTONIA

- e-Parliament (<u>www.riigikogu.ee</u>)
- e-Government (<u>www.valitsus.ee</u>)
- e-State (<u>www.riik.ee</u>)
- e-Local government(s)
- E-Governance Academy (<u>www.ega.ee</u>)

#### **E-PARLIAMENT**

- Web site of the Estonian Parliament
- Internal functions:
  - Preparation of legal acts in permanent committees
  - Communication of MPs, committees and staff
  - ...
- External functions:
  - Informing wider public
  - Consultations with interest groups
  - Web TV
  - ...

#### **E-GOVERNMENT**

- Launched in the year 2000
- Internal functions:
  - Preparation of the documents for the session
  - e-Sessions of the Government of the Republic
  - ...
- External functions:
  - Informing public about the proceedings of the Government
  - ...

#### **E-STATE**

- Launched in 1998 as a portal, offering public access to information from state institutions
- Offers balanced description of the functions of state institutions
- English version gives adequate picture about Estonian state institutions for the outside world
- Administered by the Department of State Information Systems of the Ministry of Economic Affairs and Communications

#### **E-DEMOCRACY IN ESTONIA**

- According to World e-Democracy Forum assessment Estonia has the most developed ICT infrastructure in Eastern Europe:
  - Riigikogu has decided to arrange local elections 2005 and parliamentary elections 2007 electronically
  - Cybernetica Ltd. has developed e-voting system based on Estonian ID card
  - Half of the population have ID cards and the rest will get it by the end of 2006
  - According to World Economic Forum assessment Estonia is second in Internet banking and third in e-Governance development

#### **E-VOTING**

- Long and painful debates in Riigikogu about amendments of the law on elections
- First experience in October 2005 local elections
- Three parties in favor of e-voting (Reform Party, Pro Patria, Res Publica) got 70.0% of e-votes
- Next experience will be gained in March 2007

### LESSONS FROM ESTONIAN EXPERIENCE

- National strategy for sustainable development is necessary!
- Learn from the experience of developed countries, but don't copy!
- Cultural aspects (social cohesion and innovation capacity) are important!
- The situation is excellent but not hopeless!